

## Sequences and Series along with Binomial Expansion (IIT)

Find the sum of the series  $\sum_{r=0}^{r=n} (-1)^r {^n}C_r \left( \frac{1}{2^r} + \frac{3^r}{2^{2r}} + \frac{7^r}{2^{3r}} + \frac{(15)^r}{2^{4r}} + \cdots up \text{ to Infinite Terms} \right)$ 

Solution:

## Concepts used:

- 1.) Sum of infinite geometric series with first term as 'a' and common ratio 'r' is  $S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1-r}$
- 2.) Binomial Expansion in the sigma notation  $(1-x)^n = \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} (-1)^r {}^n C_r x^r$

$$\begin{split} &\sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left(\frac{1}{2^r} + \frac{3^r}{2^{2r}} + \frac{7^r}{2^{3r}} + \frac{(15)^r}{2^{4r}} + \cdots up \ to \ Infinite \ Terms \right) \\ &= \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left[\frac{1}{2^r} + \frac{3^r}{4^r} + \frac{7^r}{8^r} + \frac{(15)^r}{(16)^r} + \cdots up \ to \ Infinite \ Terms \right] \\ &= \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^r + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^r + \left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^r + \left(\frac{15}{16}\right)^r + \cdots up \ to \ Infinite \ Terms \right] \\ &= \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^r + \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^r + \sum_{r=0}^{r=n} \left(-1\right)^{r-n} C_r \left(\frac{15}{16}\right)^r + \cdots up \ to \ Infinite \ Terms \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right)^n + \left(1 - \frac{3}{4}\right)^n + \left(1 - \frac{7}{8}\right)^n + \left(1 - \frac{15}{16}\right)^n + \cdots up \ to \ Infinite \ Terms \end{split}$$

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$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{n} + \cdots \text{ up to Infinite Terms}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2n} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3n} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{4n} + \cdots \text{ up to Infinite Terms}$$

This represents an infinite geometric series with first term as  $a = \frac{1}{2^n}$  and common ratio as  $r = \frac{1}{2^n}$ 

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{\frac{1}{2^{n}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2^{n}}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2^{n} - 1}$$

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